## Names and NET IDs **Acquired Voltages** Calibration Data 1 Volume / Voltage Data File Name: 300 400 700 Volume (mL) 500 600 Voltage (V) Calibration Data 2 Volume / Voltage Data File Name: Volume (mL) 460 480 500 520 540 Voltage (V) Volume Estimates Coefficient Set 1 Volume as f(Voltage) Coefficient File Name: 300 450 500 700 800 900 Act. Vol. (mL) 550 Calc. Vol. (mL) Coefficient Set 2 Volume as f(Voltage) Coefficient File Name:

## Equations

Act. Vol. (mL)

Calc. Vol. (mL)

300

450

Vol. as f(Voltage), Cal. 1:	
Vol. as f(Voltage), Cal. 2:	
Voltage as f(Pres.), Cal. 1:	
Voltage as f(Pres.), Cal. 2:	

500

550

700

800

900

## Questions to Answer

- (1) How tall is the tallest column of fluid that can be measured by a 5 psi pressure sensor? Might there be a better sensor for this experiment?
- (2) What might be the cause of differences between the two equations for volume as a function of voltage, and what conclusions can you draw from these discrepancies about calibrating a sensor?
- (3) Given the volume estimates determined above from the ReadVol000, what might be the cause of differences the calibration curves have in reading the same volume, and what conclusions can you draw from these discrepancies about calibrating a sensor?
- (4) For each of your two Voltage vs. Pressure equations, how close is your pressure sensor calibration to the 0.01 V/psi listed in the specifications?
- (5) Describe when you would want to use the narrow-range calibration and when you would want to use the long-range calibration. Support your conclusion with evidence generated during the experiment.
- (6) What did you like best/least about this lab? What changes should be made to improve the lab?